UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern	District	of	Virg	ginia
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United States of America)
v.)) Case No. 2:22cr123
Jamique Mays) Case No. 2.220123
Defendant)
ORDER OF DETEN	TION PENDING TRIAL
Part I - Eligil	bility for Detention
Upon the	
	ant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or
	motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),
and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i)	
Part II - Findings of Fact and La	w as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
presumption that no condition or combination of con and the community because the following conditions	.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable additions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person is have been met:
(1) the defendant is charged with one of the f	following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
(a) a crime of violence, a violation of 18	8 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.
§ 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum (b) an offense for which the maximum	term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or
	m of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §	§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
(a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two	convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal
(e) any felony that is not otherwise a cri	ime of violence but involves:
(iii) any other dangerous weapon; or (iv	f a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
(2) the defendant has previously been convic	ted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C.
to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and	at would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise
(3) the offense described in paragraph (2) about	ove for which the defendant has been convicted was
committed while the defendant was on release	se pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and
(4) a period of not more than five years has e	elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the

defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:	e it
(1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);	
 (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b; (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 year 	'S
or more is prescribed; (4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or	of
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.	
☑ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above	
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)	
OR	
☑ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.	
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention	
After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven:	ıg,
By clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure	;
the safety of any other person and the community.	
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	☐ Significant family or other ties outside the United States
	☐ Lack of legal status in the United States
	☐ Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration
	Prior failure to appear in court as ordered
	Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement
-	Use of alias(es) or false documents
	☐ Background information unknown or unverified
	Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release

The Court stated the reasons for detention at the hearing, and the record is available in the event of an appeal. The nature and circumstances of the crimes charged are extremely serious. The defendant is charged with four counts involving robbery and firearm offenses. The defendant allegedly participated in an armed robbery of a federal firearm licensee ("FFL") at around 3:00am. Reportedly, the defendant held two individuals at gunpoint, stole money, made them lay on the ground, and then ran away. The weight of the evidence is also substantial. The government proffered that it has a video recording showing the masked defendant participating in the armed robbery. Further, the government proffered that an uncharged co-conspirator would testify that she gave information to the defendant, her boyfriend at the time, and that a convicted co-conspirator helped them plan and execute the robbery. The government also reportedly has a statement made by the defendant via his Facebook account where the defendant admits that he committed a robbery shortly after the alleged armed robbery of the FFL. As for the defendant's history and characteristics, these are mixed. Although the defendant has a suitable third-party custodian and he is a young man, he has a substantial criminal history, involving guns and violence. This includes convictions or juvenile adjudications for: three counts of robbery and three counts of conspiracy (2009); use of firearm (2009); possess concealed weapon by convicted felon (2013); violate protective order (2019); and assault and battery on a family member (2019). Notably, the defendant also has a conviction for failure to appear (2021). The defendant has also had his probation revoked three times-2019, 2021, and 2022-and has a record of absconding from probation. Accordingly, the Court finds that there are no conditions of release that will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance in court and the safety of the community and other persons as required and orders detention pending trial.

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

пррешине	comes in a second			
Date:	12/14/2022	Krask J. Krask		
		United States Magistrate Judge		